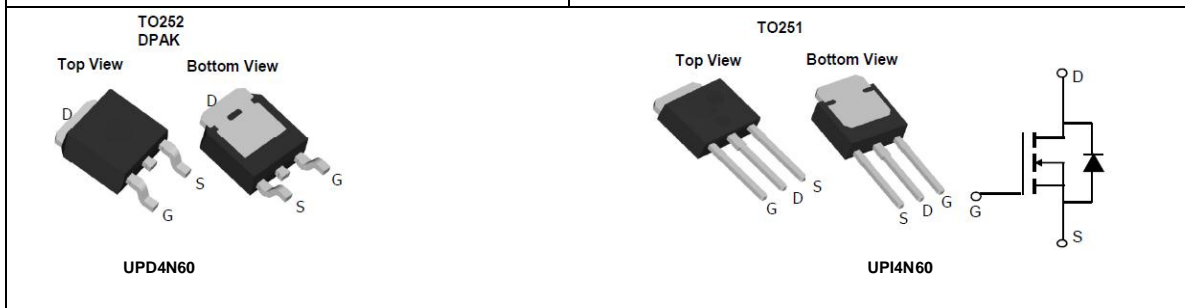




<p><b>General Description</b></p> <p>UNIVERSAL PARTS UPD4N60 and UPI4N60 have been fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications. By providing low <math>R_{DS(on)}</math>, <math>C_{iss}</math> and <math>C_{rss}</math> along with guaranteed avalanche capability these parts can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.</p>	<p><b>Product Summary</b></p> <p><math>V_{DS}</math> 600V @ 150°C</p> <p><math>I_D</math> (at <math>V_{GS}=10V</math>) 4A</p> <p><math>R_{DS(ON)}</math> (at <math>V_{GS}=10V</math>) &lt; 2.8Ω</p> <p>100% UIS Tested!</p> <p>100% <math>R_g</math> Tested!</p>
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**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted**

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	600	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$	V	
Continuous Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_D$	4	A	
Current <sup>B</sup>		$T_C=25^\circ C$		
		2.6		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	14		
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	2.8	A	
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	118	mJ	
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>H</sup>	$E_{AS}$	235	mJ	
MOSFET $dv/dt$ ruggedness	$dv/dt$	50	V/ns	
Peak diode recovery $dv/dt$		5		
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	$T_C=25^\circ C$	104	W
		Derate above 25 $^\circ C$	0.83	W/ $^\circ C$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-50 to 150	$^\circ C$	
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300	$^\circ C$	

**Thermal Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,G</sup>	$R_{JA}$	43	55	$^\circ C/W$
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{CS}$	-	0.5	$^\circ C/W$
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>D,F</sup>	$R_{JC}$	1	1.2	$^\circ C/W$



**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250 μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =25°C	600			V
		I <sub>D</sub> =250 μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150°C		700		
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔT <sub>J</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub> =250 μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.67		V/°C
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	mA
		V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, T <sub>J</sub> =125°C			10	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±30V			±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =250 mA	3.4	4.1	4.5	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =2A		2.2	2.8	Ω
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, I <sub>D</sub> =2A		6		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.76	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current			4		A
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current			14		A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =25V, f=1MHz	420	528	640	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		35	53	70	pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		2.5	4.8	7	pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	1.2	2.5	3.8	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub>	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =480V, I <sub>D</sub> =4A	9.5	12	14.5	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge		2.8	3.6	4.5	nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge		2.2	4.4	6.6	nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =300V, I <sub>D</sub> =4A, R <sub>G</sub> =25Ω		17		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			26		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time			34		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			21		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =4A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	150	190	230	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =4A, dI/dt=100A/μs, V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	1.9	2.4	3	nC

A. The value of R<sub>JA</sub> is measured with the device in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C in a TO252 package, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C.

D. The R<sub>JA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>JC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150°C.

G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C.

H. L=60mH, I<sub>S</sub>=2.8A, V<sub>DD</sub>=150V, R<sub>G</sub>=10Ω, Starting T<sub>J</sub>=25°C



## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

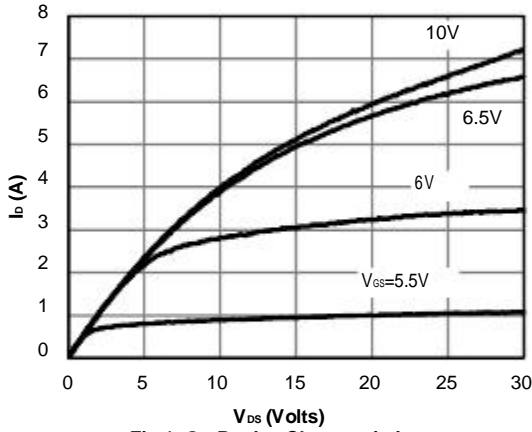


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

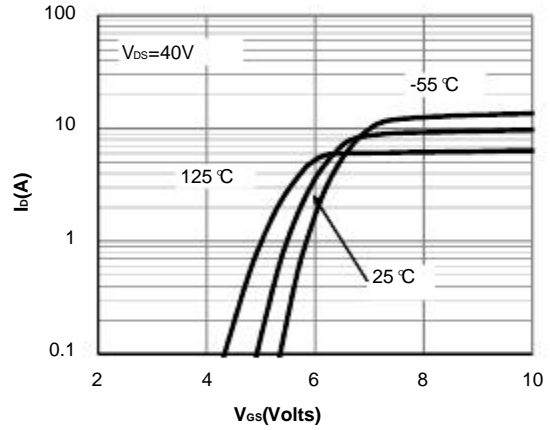


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

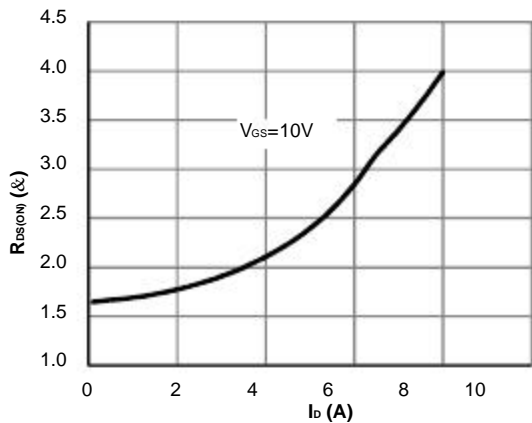


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

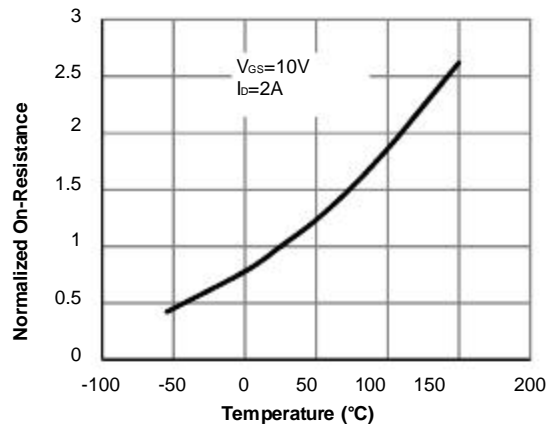


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

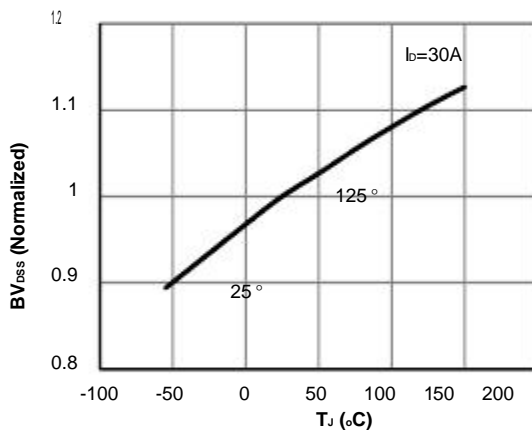


Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature

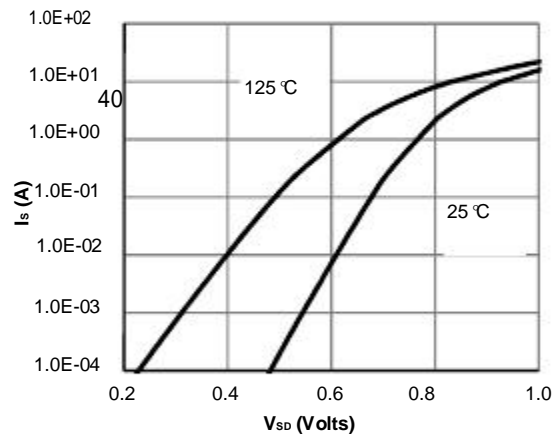


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

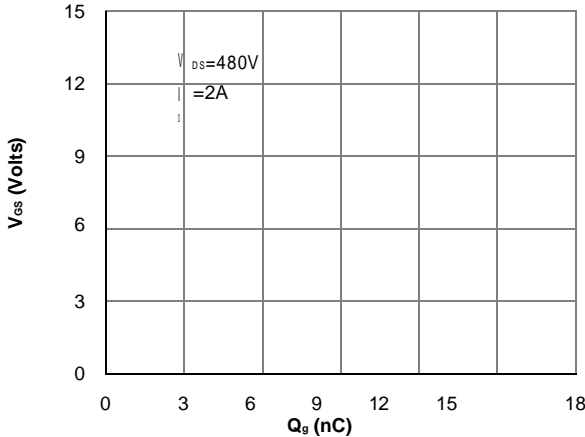


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

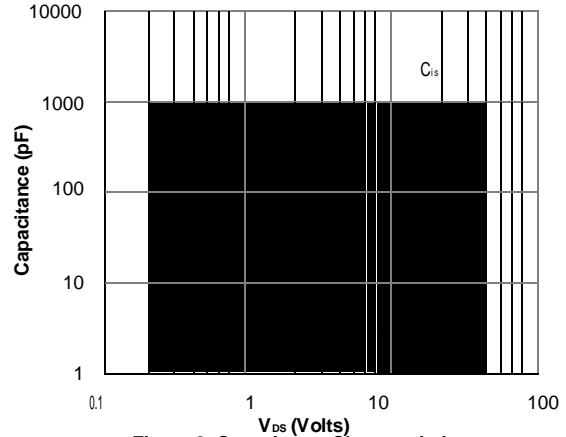


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

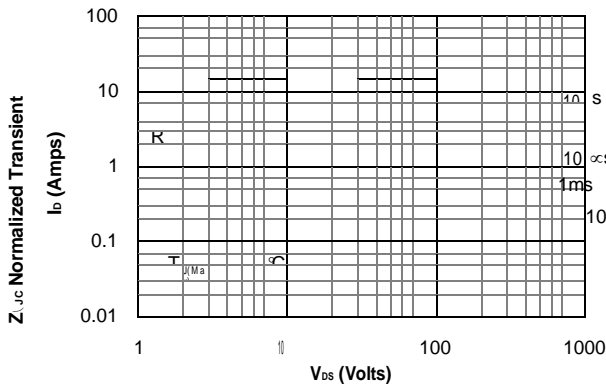


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

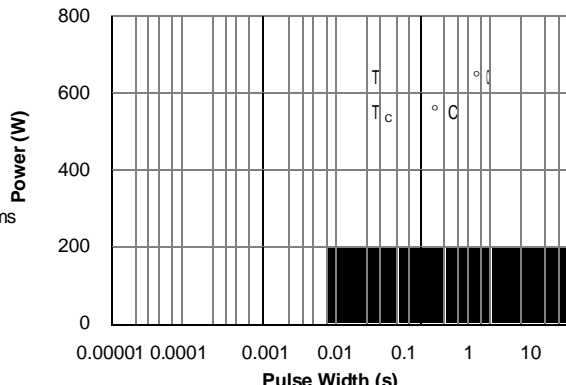


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)

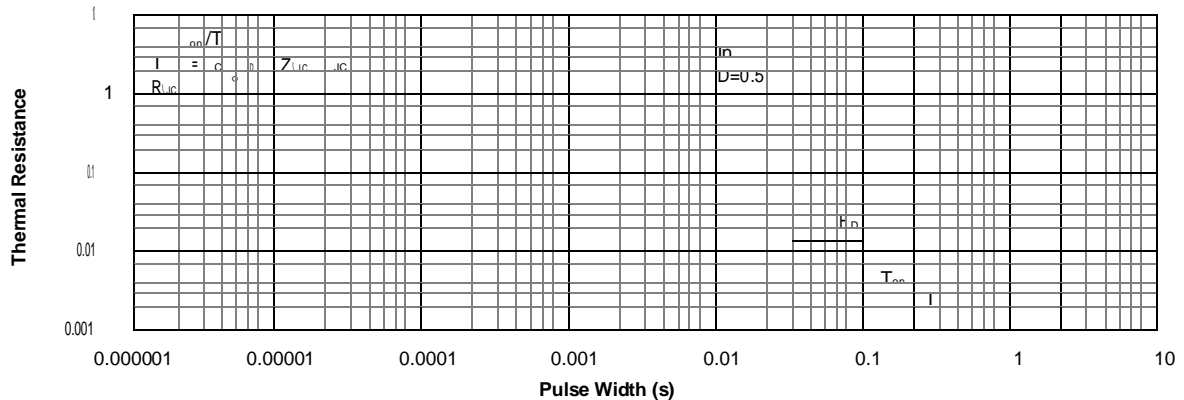


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

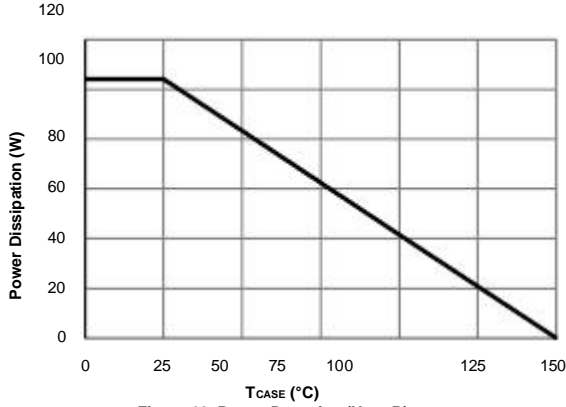


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note B)

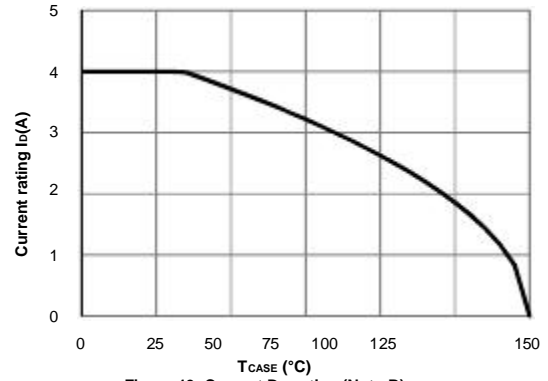


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note B)

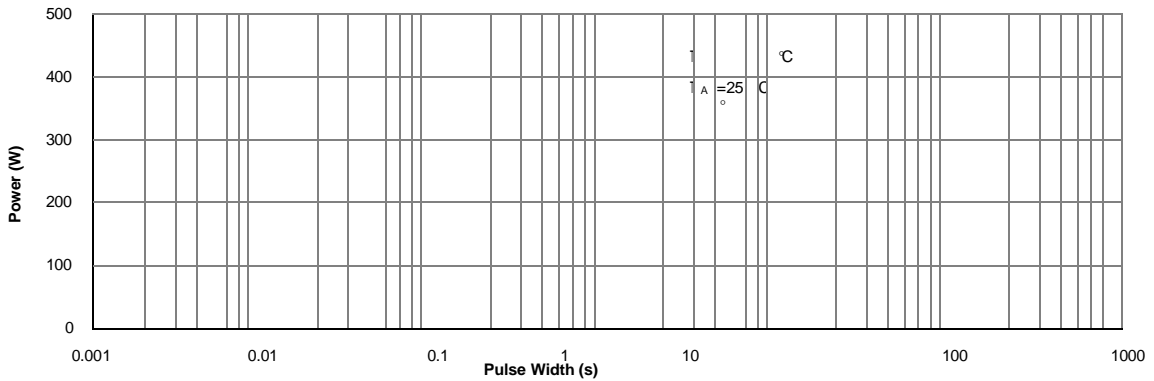


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)

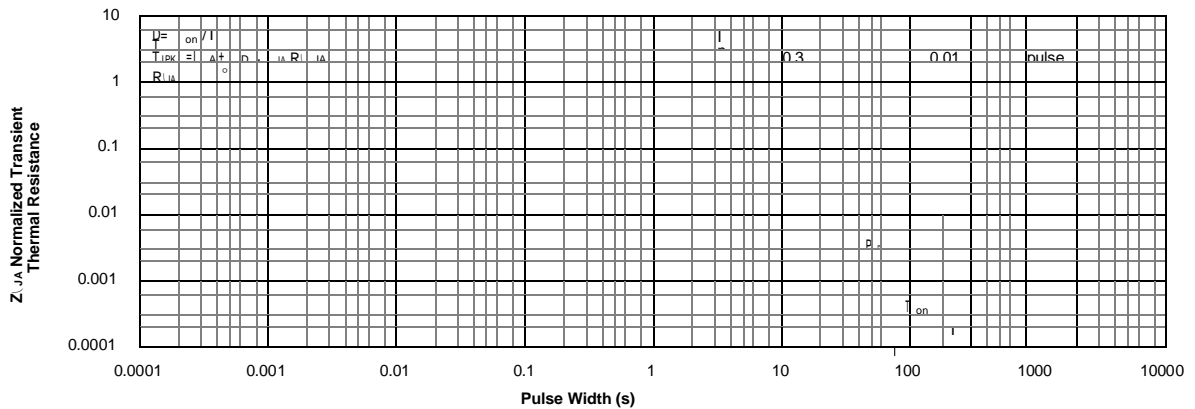
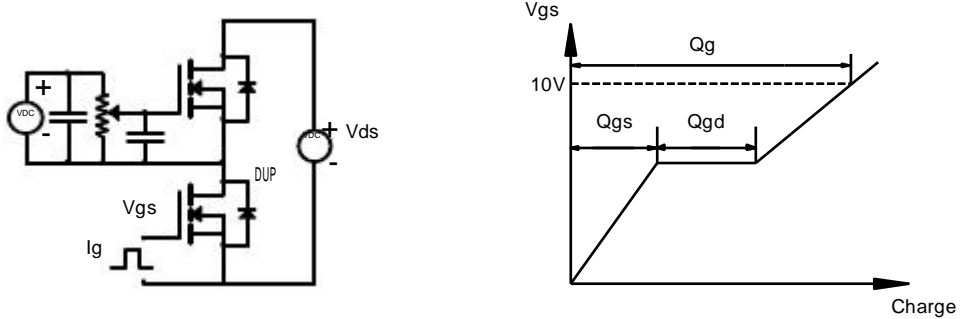


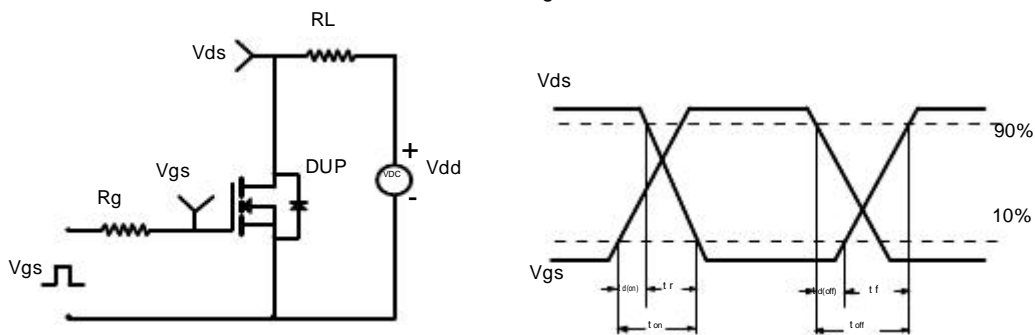
Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)



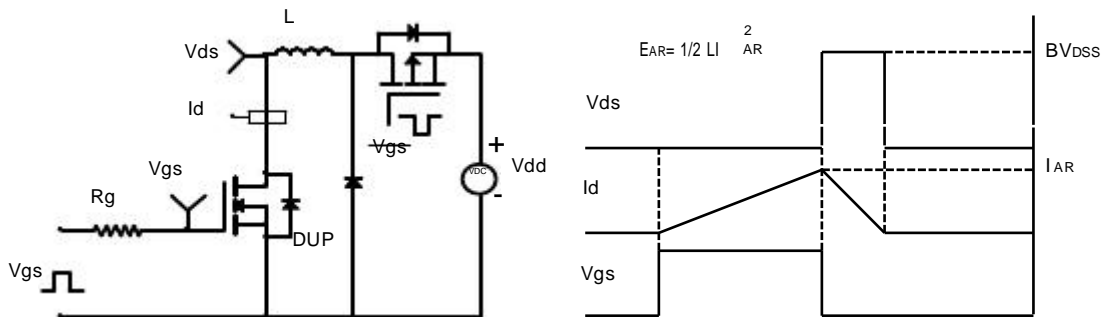
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

